## Regulator: OFFICE FOR NUCLEAR REGULATION

## Business Impact Target Reporting Period Covered: 21<sup>st</sup> June 2019 – 12<sup>th</sup> December 2019

Excluded Category*	Summary of measure(s), including any impact data where available
Measures certified as being below <i>de minimis</i> (measures with an EANDCB below +/- £5 million)	ONR has determined all costs to fall below the deminimis exclusion during this reporting period. No activities have been undertaken which represent a change in regulatory requirements or principles.
	ONR has a rolling programme to update and maintain its guidance for inspectors referred to as Technical Inspection Guides (TIGs) and Technical Assessment Guides (TAGs). Various TIGs and TAGs have been revised to simplify language / add clarity, or reflect up to date practices without changing existing requirements or introducing new ones. In addition two new TIGs have been issued and one withdrawn. The guidance documents reflect good practice and international standards and are published on the <u>ONR website</u> . Whilst dutyholders may wish to familiarise themselves with the guidance, it is judged that the additional regulatory burden is minimal.
EU Regulations, Decisions and Directives and other international obligations, including the implementation of the EU Withdrawal Bill and EU Withdrawal Agreement	ONR / HSE published a new joint <u>Approved Code of Practice</u> in September to assist dutyholders in their compliance with the new Radiation (Emergency Preparedness and Public Information) Regulations (REPPIR) 2019. The revised regulations are part of the Government's implementation of the emergency planning requirements of the Basic Safety Standards Directive 2013 made under the Euratom Treaty.
	Requirements for emergency preparedness and response and the notification of certain incidents when transporting radioactive material were implemented via the Carriage of Dangerous Goods (Amendment) Regulations 2019. ONR drafted and consulted on non-statutory guidance to inform and assist dutyholders, which was published via the ONR website in October 2019.
	Joint BEIS/ONR technical guidance for nuclear operators on post Brexit reporting requirements related to Nuclear Cooperation Agreements (NCA) was published by the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) for comment during July and August. The guidance was updated in October on the basis of comments received. It covers future reporting requirements for operators and will allow the UK to comply with NCA and other obligations arising from international trade following the UK's withdrawal from Euratom. Operators already currently report to Euratom, so there is no extra reporting or additional burden under the new guidance.
Measures certified as concerning EU Withdrawal Bill operability measures	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Pro-competition	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Systemic Financial Risk	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Civil Emergencies	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Fines and Penalties	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Misuse of Drugs	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion

Excluded Category*	Summary of measure(s), including any impact data where available
Measures certified as relating to the safety of tenants, residents and occupants in response to the Grenfell tragedy	Following consideration of the exclusion category there are no measures for the reporting period that qualify for the exclusion
Casework	ONR uses different interventions such as inspection, investigation, permissioning and licensing regimes to reduce the hazards of the nuclear industry so far as is reasonably practicable. Interventions are published on the ONR website and none of the activities represent a change in the burden of the regulation placed on businesses. A comprehensive report of ONR's regulatory activities during 2018/19 is available in the <u>Chief Nuclear Inspectors annual report</u> on GB's nuclear industry (published in October 2019) and further details will be published in ONR's 2019/20 Annual Report and Accounts.
Education, communications and promotion	A list of <u>ONR publications</u> , <u>press releases</u> , <u>news and engagement events</u> are available on the ONR website. None of the material produced creates a new regulatory standard that businesses will be expected to follow and attendance at educational and promotional events is not compulsory.
	The Integrated Regulatory Review Service (IRRS) Mission, co-ordinated through the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) took place in October, at the request of BEIS to independently peer review the UK's nuclear regulatory infrastructure. It brought together a team of independent experts to review the regulation of safety across civil nuclear, radiological sources and the transport of radioactive materials. ONR hosted the mission which scrutinised UK regulatory bodies and government departments involved in: occupational radiological protections; nuclear safety; medical and non-medical exposures; public exposures and environmental protection; transport of radioactive material; and, emergency preparedness and response. The mission is expected to report in 2020, so is outside the scope of this current BIT report.
Activity related to policy development	ONR works closely with Government to inform policy development, for example as part of preparing to deliver a UK State System on Accounting for and Control of Nuclear Material and providing a domestic safeguards regime after the UK leaves Euratom.
	ONR engages its stakeholders on various IAEAs draft safety standards which provide a robust framework of fundamental principles, requirements and guidance to ensure safety is set at the international level.
Changes to management of regulator	Two Board opportunities were advertised, but the recruitment process was not completed during the reporting period.

\* For detailed guidance on the exclusion categories, please see <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/better-regulation-framework</u>